SCARABS

Rich Cunningham 3889 Walnut Avenue Chino, CA 91710 Occasional Issue Number 8 Barney Streit 1667 N. Mountain Avenue, #125 Upland, CA 91784 July. 1993

A Bibliography of the Scarabaeoidea of California

In this, part two of the Dr. Art Evans, Ph.D. double-issue bonanza, we present a bibliography of the checklist in the previous issue. This is not meant to be a comprehensive work, rather it contains references only to the original descriptions. This list should serve as a great starting point for those striving to put together a literature collection on western United States scarabs.

We again wish to thank Art for a tremendous job!

Discussion of Some Taxa in the Checklist

Besides the obvious problem of the immensity of a Scarabaeoidea of California project, there is the problem of dealing with several genera that need a taxonomic overhaul such as Aphodius, Chnaunanthus, Phobetus, Phyllophaga, Gymnopyge and Hoplia, to name a few. Then there is the fact that there are a number of new species that are undescribed. Several of these new species are in manuscript form as this issue goes to press. In addition, there are several populations of California scarabs that workers are sitting on because they are not sure if ther eare valid new species involved or not.

Let us go through the checklist and make some comments.

Pleocoma trifoliata did not make the checklist because nowhere in the literature is it stated to be from California. As stated in our premier issue, it is likely a *behrensi-sonomae* complex representative, probably from Fort Seward in Humboldt County.

The placement of the genus *Acoma* and others remains disputed. Perhaps it should be placed in the Melolonthinae. *Pleocoma*, to many workers, seems like primitive Melolonthinae in both structure and biology. The placement of Pleocominae should probably reflect this relationship, if indeed a relationship can be established.

The list of possible new species continues to grow. There may be one or more new species in the following genera: *Onthophagus, Aphodius, Ataenius, Serica, Parathyce, Phobetus, Phyllophaga, Polyphylla, Coenonycha, Cremastocheilus, Hoplia* and *Glaresis.*

The genus *Chnaunanthus* is currently being revised by Bill Warner.

Dr. David Carlson is currently working on the genus *Ochodaeus*. There are two populations he is unsure of. The first is from Pinyon Flats, Riverside County, taken 13-IX-1975, and the other from Mid Hills, San Bernardino County, taken 3-VIII-1968. Perhaps additional specimens would help. You may contact Dave at 5229 Butterwood Circle, Orangevale, CA 95662, telephone (916) 989-0420.

The common imported species listed as *Onthophagus gazella* (Fabricius, 1787) formerly belonged to the genus *Onthophagus*, subgenus *Digitonthophagus*, which was erected by Balthasar in 1959. In 1981, Zunino raised this subgenus to generic rank. Please make this correction on your lists. We wish to thank Dr. Gonzalo Halffter for pointing this out to us.

Jim Saulnier may have a different *Onthophagus* from the Providence Mountains, San Bernardino County, taken from a *Neotoma* nest. *Onthophagus velutinus* is known from this area, and is a known inhabitant of *Neotoma* nests, but Jim feels that there are enough morphological differences to warrant more effort toward collecting this population.

Aphodius biology is the subject of Jim's forthcoming master's thesis, which may include the descriptions of new species.

Some Arizona species, such as *Hybosorus illigeri* and *Acoma arizonica*, occur in Ehrenberg, a literal stone's throw from Blythe, California. Additional collecting on the California side of the Colorado River may produce these species as well as others.

Even though the list was only meant to be a tentative, working model, it was kindly pointed out to us by Dr. Alan Hardy that the genus *Euoniticellus* was omitted as well as up to twenty other species. Many thanks, Alan!

The California Scarab Project

by Doctor Art Evans, Ph.D.

This is the introduction that was supposed to accompany "A Checklist of the Scarabaeoidea of California" (*Scarabs*, Occasional Issue Number 7), but due to various reasons, it was omitted until now. Contrary to the exhortations of the editors and myself, the checklist was replete with suppositions, speculations, and errors. The bibliography in this issue cannot help but reflect these musings and outright gaffs.

With the recent appearance of Brett Ratcliffe's *Scarabs of Nebraska*, it became apparent that the California scarabaeoid fauna was ready for a similar review. My California checklist had its inception with me in the late 1970's and was catapulted into a somewhat more meaningful form shortly thereafter by the generous assistance given to me by Alan Hardy while I was an undergraduate at Cal State Long Beach. Alan had been accumulating data on California scarabs for many years and had compiled his own list of the state's scarab fauna which he made available to me. After a somewhat lengthy hiatus from the scarab world, I recently dusted off my 1980 copy of the checklist and proceeded to update it. Rich Cunningham and Barney Streit assisted me in editing the final copy and the accompanying bibliography. I would like to say that all of the errors are my own, but that would be a misrepresentation of the truth! The guilty parties know who they are!

The purpose of publishing the checklist in Scarabs was to generate interest among the readership and encourage their participation by contributing to the checklist. (ed. note: This purpose has been served as we have received numerous suggestions.) The updated list, which will appear in a future issue of Scarabs, (ed. note: Say what?) will become the foundation for a work tentatively entitled 'The Scarabaeoidea of California." This work will be copiously illustrated and will include keys, descriptions, distributions and biological notes. Discussions of California's physical features, climate, vegetational communities, biogeography, and fossil species will be presented. In the next three or four years parts of the manuscript will be made available to interested persons for the purpose of testing keys, checking descriptions and identifying regions requiring further survey work.

During the past 20 years California has played host to of one of the highest concentrations of scarabaeologists in the world. These workers include Ron Alten, Fred Andrews, Larry Bezark, Dave Carlson, Rich Cunningham, Bob Duff, Derham Guiliani, Alan Hardy, Frank Hovore, Delbert La Rue, Ron McPeak, Alex Reifschneider, Neil Rulien, Dave Russell, Jim Saulnier, Kirk Smith, Barney Streit and myself. Much of the locality, behavioral, and host data collected by these and other individuals remain unpublished.

The purpose of the California Scarabaeoidea Project is to develop a network of professional and amateur scarab workers and encourage the gathering of data in the form of specimens, observations, and literature. The mission of the Project is to identify areas of the state in need of basic survey work, direct collecting efforts of adults and larvae, encourage the captive breeding of scarabs, collate biological and locality data and publish it. By making these data available, present and future generations of scarab workers will be encouraged to explore the poorly known regions of the state and further our biological knowledge by including immature stages in our observations and collecting efforts.

Although there have been numerous scattered species descriptions and generic revisions, California's scarabaeoid fauna has never been studied in its entirety. Several regional lists of beetles, including scarabaeoids, have appeared for Fort Tejon (Leconte, 1859; Davis, 1932), California Channel Islands (Fall, 1897; Fall and Davis, 1934; von Bloeker, 1939), selected California sand dunes (Hardy and Andrews, 1976), San Diego County (Moore, 1937), and southern California (Fall, 1901).

As the dust begins to settle towards the end of 1993, I will contact researchers and collectors to discuss the various aspects of the work, particularly with regards to the location of pertinent material and to discuss the resolution of several taxonomic issues. A number of undescribed species are awaiting description and several generic revisions will be initiated in order to fully address the California fauna. Every attempt will be made to examine the types of all California species, particularly those that have not been part of recent revisionary work.

I have received numerous friendly jabs with regards to the checklist's scheme of higher classification. This classification scheme is not carved in stone. Although it is often referred to as a "European" scheme, I prefer to think that it reflects somewhat of a more global perspective. Despite the uniqueness of the California fauna, it is important that it is viewed with this global perspective. Many of our species have been placed in subgenera, tribes, and even other genera in the European literature, but for various reasons, these changes are not presented or discussed in the North American literature.

I hope all of you will contribute. If any of you are willing and able to breed scarabs, please do so. Remember, correct identification of the adults is essential when dealing with immatures. The immature stages of most of our scarab fauna (or any scarab fauna, for that matter!) are unknown. Several regions in California remain poorly known in terms of their scarabaeoid fauna, such as the Coast Ranges, extreme northeastern California, the mountain ranges of the eastern Mojave, Great Basin areas, native remnants of Central Valley flora and the northern slopes of the San Bernardino Mountains, just to name a few. Many of the better known regions of the state have only been collected during the spring or summer months. Try collecting at some of your favorite haunts during different times of the year, or using a variety of collecting techniques. Our winter/early spring fauna is in need of further investigation. Photographs of habitats or scarab behavior will be of great value to the Project.

If any of you have corrections, additions, or comments regarding the checklist or bibliography of the Scarabaeoidea of California, or have specimens that you would like included in the California Scarab Project, please contact me directly at:

The Insect Zoo, Natural History Museum, 900 Exposition Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90007, (213) 744-3558 office, (213) 746-2999 fax.

LITERATURE CITED

von Bloeker, J.C. 1939. 6. Annotated list of the scarab beetles of the Channel Islands. *Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences* 38:152-156.

Davis, A.C. 1932. A list of the Coleoptera of Ft. Tejon, California. *Bulletin of the Southern California Academy* of Sciences 31:75-87.

Fall, H.C. 1897. A list of the Coleoptera of the Southern California Islands, with notes and descriptions of new species. *The Canadian Entomologist* 29:233-244.

-----1901. List of the Coleoptera of the southern California, with notes on habits and distribution and descriptions of new

species. Occasional Papers of the California Academy of Sciences (8): 1-282.

Fall, H.C. & A.C. Davis. 1934. The Coleoptera of Santa Cruz Island, California. *The Canadian Entomologist* 66:143-144.

Hardy, A.R. & F.G. Andrews. 1976. A final report to the office of endangered species on contract 14-16-0008-966. Insect Taxonomy Laboratory, Division of Plant Industry, CDFA. 40 pp.

Leconte, J.L. 1859. Catalogue of the Coleoptera of Fort Tejon, California. *Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia* 11:69-90.

Moore, I. 1932. A list of the beetles of San Diego County, California. Occasional Papers of the San Diego Society of Natural History. 2:1-109.

Labeling Photographic Slides

Because every fine photographic slide collection deserves to be properly labeled, we investigated several of the available computer programs designed specifically for this purpose.

Several of the programs are available only for the IBM PC and clones, others are written for the Macintosh as well. The program of choice, by our criteria, falls into this latter category.

The CRADOC CaptionWriter[™] is available from Perfect Niche Software, Inc., 7100B East Main Street, Scottsdale, AZ 85251, TEL (602) 945-2001, FAX (602) 945-1023. They also sell laser labels made specifically for 35mm slides. These labels are 7/16" X 1 3/4" and come 80 printable labels to a sheet.

The reason this program is the one to buy is that, as of this writing, it is the only program that will allow five lines of text per label. This feature is critical to entomologists attempting to place as much scientific data as possible on the slide just as a pin label. Three- or four-line labels can also be made. Any font can be chosen, and the print can be set in bold, italics, etc., just as in a word processor. A quirky command structure is no doubt the result from the program's clunky PC Dos origins. When activated, the program presents you with two labels, sideby-side, to be filled out by you. However, the program considers these two labels one label. A letter was written to Perfect Niche for an explanation. This inquiry was promptly answered with a return telephone call by a friendly and knowledgeable support person. She stated that most everyone places two labels on a slide, an upper and lower label, so this was why the software treats two labels as one label.

There is a set of ten user-definable keys which will print user-defined lines of text, including time and date stamps, and copyright notices including the copyright © symbol. For those who use some sort of cataloging system for their slides, a sequential numbering feature is provided.

One way to label a slide is to place the latin name of the subject, in italics, on the top label, similar to a determination label. In this way, if the slide is stored in a slide tray or box, the subject can be determined without removing the slide itself. The bottom label can hold the locality and date the picture was taken, just like the locality label. There is room for your name and copyright data for those interested in selling their images to various publications or photographic stock agencies for publication.

Once these two labels are filled out, they are stored in the "buffer." This is simply a temporary area of memory in the computer to store your work until it is time to print a sheet of labels. If you run a sheet of labels through a printer twice, it is possible the heat from the printer will dislodge a label the second time through the printer. If this happens, you will have a major problem getting the things off the rollers! Thus, unless you can afford lots of labels, wait until you can fill a full label sheet with 80 labels. If you print out less than a full sheet, throw the unused labels away.

On the Macintosh, the program defies Macintosh convention in its commands. To place your label (really two labels) into the buffer, you issue a Command-P. In every other program we know of, this is the print command. In the CaptionWriter, however, this simply "prints" to the buffer. You may send one label (really two labels) or a fill a full sheet of 40 (really 80) labels. Therefore, it possible to fill a sheet of 80 labels with 80 different labels or several labels in any combination or even a single label.

Once you have 40 (80) labels in the buffer, the program notifies you and asks if you wish to print them. To do so, one must issue a Command-B to "Print the Buffer."

Once the somewhat unusual commands and nomenclature are learned, you will find this dedicated slide label program one of those utilities you just cannot do without. If you have any problems, the nice people at Perfect Niche will get you up-and-running in no time, at no charge.

Dr. Henry F. Howden

Both editors recently had the privilege of meeting Dr. Henry Howden at the Algodones Dunes in Imperial County, California. In the company of his wife, Ann, and Bill Warner, we literally lit up the place with our "fancy" AC and DC lights.

As one might expect when in the company of someone of Dr. Howden's caliber, time passed by all too quickly. Many things come to mind when talking to Dr. Howden. First, the man is friendly and easy to talk to, and has great stories. Amateurs like your editors found themselves at ease. It goes without saying Dr. Howden commands a great knowledge of entomology. Full of fascinating facts and anecdotes, Dr. Howden is not afraid to speak out on a controversial subject or to postulate theories which could eventually be proven wrong. We have always appreciated Dr. Howden's papers, as he has been fearless about tackling difficult or large taxa.

This is not to say Ann takes a back seat. Her expertise in the Curculionidae is widely known. An energetic collector, she collected a series of extremely minute and active Carabidae by flashlight which were running around the entrances of rodent burrows. Despite many trips to the area, your editors had never seen this beetle. While your editors conversed with Dr. Howden, Bill Warner further embellished the reputations of Arizona collectors by "taking care" of their lights for them. The time spent with Henry, Ann and Bill was thoroughly enjoyed.

A nice series of *Acoma glabrata* was taken, which were noted to be smaller than typical *glabrata*. Dr. Howden is currently interested in this group. Perhaps a group of fossorial (Jim Saulnier, Frank Hovore, Delbert La Rue, Robert Duff, etc.) southern California collectors can get together some evening and duff out a female.1992 was a strange year at Glamis. Last September, a *Xeropsammobius desertus* (usually a February bug) was taken. On this trip, which was in late July, Bill Warner took a *Pseudocotalpa andrewsi*, which is generally an April bug.

I Quit!!

By David Russell

It has been brought to my attention that once again Phobetus panamintensis has escaped the editors. The realization has finally set in that the northern California collectors can't be constantly bailing out these southern California guys!! The Chinese have been through the year of the Cock, the Monkey, the Sheep, the Horse, the Snake, the Dragon, and the Rabbit since the editors stated their quest. The Chinese are running out of animals, both real or mythological! I've decided partly in sympathy for the editors and partly in fear of the editor's collecting techniques being contagious to pack up my family, lock, stock, barrel and bug cases and move back to the midwest. Before I go however, I propose an official name change for the road from Hwy 190 towards Panamint Dunes to Cunningham Circle. Though not truly a circle, it accurately represents the designs permanently etched into the terrain by this editor's futile searches. I understand from an aircraft that the design is very similar to those found in the wheat fields of England.

On July 14, 1993 my family and I are moving to Oxford, Ohio, home of Miami University. There, I will begin life as a student in graduate school. Under the direction and guidance of Dr. Seldom Guttman, we will analyze the DNA and/ or enzymes of the Scarab genus *Poly-phylla* to attempt to either add to or further sort out the taxonomic muddle. Dr. Guttman is a population geneticist with a particular ability in sorting out species complexes. He has worked on such widely diverse groups as cranes, salamanders, tree hoppers, fish and opossums over the past several decades.

Our goal is to establish through genetic and biochemical analysis, individual species and their relationships. We hope to be able to select those morphological characters that best delineate a given species. The widely variable external and genital characteristics may then be better sorted and selected because of the results obtained through the enzyme and DNA testing. For fun, interest and to add to the argument, we may apply these tests to higher taxa such as genera, tribes, or subfamilies of the Scarab world.

Along those lines, I need your help!! I am interested in all *Polyphylla*, and could use as many representatives from as many populations as possible. I am particularly interested in unusual or restricted populations or morphs. For example, the white *P. decemlineata* from the Mono Lake Dunes of eastern central California or the *P. nr. diffracta* from the Coral Pink Sand Dunes in Utah, just to name two.

There is a hang-up because the specimens need to be sent alive by overnight mail to us in Ohio. I have found that putting a couple of handfuls of dried grass in a paper sack, then simply putting the Polyphylla in the bags in the field is easy and safe for the beetles. Twenty or thirty can be easily placed in one bag. Females are of great interest and would be safer if separated from the males. Collecting data should be sent with your name, address and phone number so that I can thank you and reimburse the postage. The post office has free overnight priority boxes to put the paper bags in along with some crumpled-up newspaper. I will have a FED EX number also. The boxes should be sent to: Dr. Sheldon Guttman, Department of Zoology, Miami University, Oxford, Ohio 45056.

Please call the office at (513) 529-3181 or the lab at (513) 529-3379 after mailing a box so we can arrange for someone to meet it in the mailroom and put the specimens into liquid nitrogen as quickly as possible. Any and all efforts are appreciated. If you need more information please call me at the lab phone.

News Flash

Brett Ratcliffe, University of Nebraska State Museum, has just been awarded \$189,149 by the National Science Foundation to conduct a three-year faunistic survey of the Dynastinae of Costa Rica and Panama. The results of the study will be published in the Bulletin of the State Museum in a format similar to Ratcliffe's Scarab Beetles of Nebraska. Keys to taxa will be provided in both English and Spanish. The study is being conducted with the cooperation of INBIO in Costa Rica, and they will be hiring an apprentice curator with funds from the grant. Ratcliffe indicated that one of his first priorities is to augment the already large data base.

Congratulations and good luck, Brett!

"Wirth"Less Tip #3

If you collect *Phanaeus* by roaming pastures or grassland and employing the "poking through piles" method, you could be missing out on many specimens.

Remember that calf dung is especially attractive, but is often found in small "splatters." These small pieces of food source are quickly located and buried, leaving only a tiny push-up as a clue to the beetles' presence.

Next time out, make a point of digging up these dirt push-ups, and you will astound your companions with your collecting proficiency. You will then be able to brag about yourself in the same fine tradition as the intelligentsia.

Thanks to Chuck Wirth, now "The Hermit of St. David" (Arizona), for another nice tip.

BIBLIOGRAPHY TO THE CHECKLIST OF THE SCARABAEOIDEA OF CALIFORNIA compiled by Dr. Arthur V. Evans c/o The Insect Zoo Natural History Museum 900 Exposition Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90007

- Arrow, G. J. 1911. Notes on the coleopterous subfamily Dynastinae, descriptions of new genera and species. Annals and Magazine of Natural History. (8)8: 151-175.
- Barrett, R. E. 1931. New species of *Aphodius* and *Malachus*. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 7(3): 101-102.
- ----. 1932. A new Aphodius from California. The Canadian Entomologist. 64: 240.
- ----. 1933. New species of North American Scarabaeidae (Coleop.). The Canadian Entomologist. 65: 129-132.
- ----. 1935. New species of North American Scarabaeidae II. The Canadian Entomologist. 67(3): 49-52.
- Bates, H. 1887. Biologia Centrali Americana. Insecta Coleoptera, Copridae, Aphodiidae, Orphnidae, Hybosoridae. Geotrupidae, Trogidae, Aclopidae, Chasmatopteridae, Melolonthidae. Volume 2. pp. 25-160.
- ----. 1888. Biologia Centrali-Americana, vol. 2, pt. 2, 1-432.
- Benesh, B. 1946. A systematic revision of the Holoarctic genus *Platycerus* Geoffroy (Coleoptera: Lucanidae). Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 72: 139-202.
- Blaisdell, F. E. 1930. Revision of the genus and species of *Dinacoma* with descriptions of new species (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 6(4): 171-177.
- Blanchard, C. E. 1846. In Blanchard and Brulle, Insects de l'Amerique Meridionale recueillis par Alcide d'Orbigny. Voyage dan l'Amerique Meridionale... 6(2): 105-222. Paris.
- Boucomont, A. 1911 (1910). Contribution a la classification des Geotrupidae. (Col.). Annales de la Societe Entomologique de France. 79: 333-350.
- Brown, W. J. 1931. Revision of the North American Aegialiinae (Coleoptera). The Canadian Entomologist. 63: 1-19, 42-49.
- Burmeister, H. C. C. 1842. Handbuch der entomologie. Coleoptera Lamellicornia Melitophila. Volume 3, 826 pp.
- ----. 1844. Handbuch der entomologie. Coleoptera Lamellicornia Anthobia et Phyllophaga Systellochela. Volume 4, 587 pp.
- ----. 1847. Handbuch der entomologie. Coleoptera Lamellicornia Xylophila et Pectinicornia. Volume 5, 584 pp.
- Carlson, D. C. 1980. Taxonomic revision of *Lichnanthe* Burmeister (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). The Coleopterists Bulletin. 34: 177-208.
- Carlson, D. C. and P.O. Ritcher. 1974. A new genus of Ochodaeinae and a description of the larva of *Pseudochodaeus estriatus* (Schaeffer). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 50: 99-110.
- Cartwright, O. L. 1953. Scarabaeid beetles of the genus *Bradycinetulus* and closely related genera in the United States. Proceedings of the United States National Museum. 103: 95-120.
- ----. 1955. Scarab beetles of the genus *Psammodius* in the western hemisphere. Proceedings of the United States National Museum. 104: 413-462.
- ----. 1966. A new species of *Ceratophyus* found in California. Bureau of Entomology. Department of Agriculture, Occasional Papers no. 9, 7 pp.
- ----. 1974. Ataenius, Aphotaenius and Pseudataenius of the United States and Canada (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae: Aphodiinae). Smithsonian Contributions to Zoology. No. 154. 106 pp.
- ----. 1977. A new species of *Psammodius* from sand dunes of California (Scarabaeidae: Aphodiinae: Eupariina). The Coleopterists Bulletin. 31: 281-282.

Bibliography

Page 1

- Casey, T. L. 1884. Contributions to the descriptive and systematic coleopterology of North America. I. 60 pp.
- ----. 1885. New genera and species of California Coleoptera. Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences. 1: 283-336.
- ----. 1889. Coleopterological notices I. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences. 4: 39-198.
- ----. 1890. Coleopterological notices II. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences. 5: 165-168.
- ----. 1891. Coleopterological notices III. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences. 6: 9-214.
- -----. 1895a. On two new species of *Platycerus*.. The Canadian Entomologist. 27: 153-155.
- ----. 1895b. Coleopterological notices. VI. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences. 8: 435-838.
- ----. 1897. Coleopterological notices. VII. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences. 9: 285-684.
- ----. 1909. Studies in the Caraboidea and Lamellicornia. The Canadian Entomologist. 41(8): 253-284.
- ----. 1914. A review of the genus *Thyce* and of the North American species of *Polyphylla*. Memoirs on the Coleoptera. 5: 306-354.
- ----. 1915. A revision of the American species of Rutelinae, Dynastinae and Cetoninae. Memoirs on the Coleoptera. 6:1-394.
- Cazier, M. A. 1937a. A revision of the Pachydemini of North America. Journal of Zoology and Entomology. 29: 73-87.
- ----. 1937b. Two new California *Coenonycha* (Coleoptera; Scarabaeidae). Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences. 36: 125-128.
- ----. 1937c. Four new species of California Coeloptera (Buprestidae, Scarabaeidae, Cicindelidae). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 13:115-118.
- ----. 1938. A new *Polyphylla* with notes concerning the variability of certain characters within the genus. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 14(4): 161-164.
- ----. 1939. A new California scarabaeid, with notes (Coleoptera-Scarabaeidae). Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences. 38: 17-19.
- ----. 1940a. New North American myrmecophilous Scarabaeidae (Coleoptera Cremastocheilus). Bulletin of the Brooklyn Entomological Society. 35: 122-133.
- ----. 1940b. A new *Diplotaxis* and a new synonym (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). Entomological News. 51: 251-252.
- ----. 1953. A review of the scarab genus Acoma (Coleoptera; Scarabaeidae). American Museum Novitates No. 1624. 13 pp.
- Cazier, M. A. & A. T. McClay, 1943. A revision of the genus *Coenonycha* (Coleoptera, Scarabaeidae). American Museum Novitates, no. 1239, 27 pp.
- Chevrolat, L. A. A. 1864. Coleopteres de l'Ile de Cuba. Notes synonymies et descriptions d'especes nouvelles. Cinquieme memoire. Famille des parnides, heterocides, passalides et lamellicornes (Tribus des coprides, aphodiides, hybosorides, geotrupides et trogides). Annales de la Societe Entomologique de France. (4)4: 405-418.
- Clouet, des Pesruches, L. A. 1901. Essai monographique sur le genre *Rhyssemus* (Coleopteres lamellicornes-tribu des Aphodiides). Memoires de la Societe Entomologique de Belgique. 8: 1-124.
- Creutzer, C. 1796. In Panzer, Faunae insectorum germanicae initia oder Deutschlands Insecta. Hefte 35.
- Davis, A. C. 1934a. Two new species of *Pleocoma* (Coleoptera; Scarabaeidae). Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 36: 23-25.
- ----. 1934b. A new variety of *Pleocoma*. Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 28: 208-210.
- Dawson, R. W. 1920. New species of *Serica* (Scarabaeidae). III. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 29: 160-168.
- ----. 1921. New species of *Serica* (Scarabaeidae). IV. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 29: 160-168.

Page 2

- ----. 1922. New species of Serica (Scarabaeidae). V. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 30: 154-169.
- ----. 1932. New species of Serica (Scarabaeidae). VI. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 40: 529-548.
- ----. 1933. New species of Serica (Scarabaeidae). VII. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 41: 435-440.
- ----. 1947. New species of Serica (Scarabaeidae). VIII. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 56: 223-235.
- ----. 1952. New species of Serica (Scarabaeidae). IX. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 60: 65-77.
- ----. 1967. New species of Serica (Scarabaeidae). X. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 75: 161-178.
- Erichson, W. F. 1847. Conspectus insectorum coleopterorum quae in Republica Peruana observata sunt. Archiv fur Naturgeschichte. 13: 67-185.
- ----. 1848. Naturgeschichte der Insecten Deutschlands. 3: 801-968.
- Eschscholtz, J. F. 1822. Entomographien. Erste Liefrerung. Berlin. 128 pp.
- Evans, A. V. 1986. In Evans and K. A. Smith, Four new species of *Ceononycha* Horn from California and Nevada with an illustrated key to all the species in the genus (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). The Coleopterists Bulletin. 40: 81-92.
- Fabricius, J. C. 1775. Systema entomoligicae. Lipsiae. 832 pp.
- ----. 1781. Species Insectorum exhibentes eorum differntias specificas, synonyma auctorum, loca naltalia, metamorphosin adjectis observationibus, descriptionibus. Vol. 1, 552 pp.
- ----. 1787. Mantissa Insectorum sistens eorum species nuper detectas adjectis characteribus genericis, differentiis specificis, emendationibus, observationibus. Volume 1, 348 pp. Volume 2, 382 pp. Proft., Hafniae.
- -----. 1798. Supplementum Entomologiae Systematicae. 572 pp. Proft and Storch, Hafniae.
- Fall, H. C., 1901a. Notes on *Dichelonycha* and *Cantharis*, with descriptions of new species in other genera. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 27: 277-310.
- ----. 1901b. Two new species of Lucanidae from California. The Canadian Entomologist. 33: 289-293.
- ----. 1901c. A change of name. The Canadian Entomologist. 33: 324.
- ----. 1902. List of the Coleoptera of Southern California with notes on habits and distribution and descriptions of new species. Occasional Papers of the California Academy of Sciences. 8: 1-284.
- ----. 1906. A new Platycerus and a new Pleocoma. Entomological News. 17: 393-395.
- ----. 1907a. The North American species of Glaresis. Psyche. 14: 23-26.
- ----. 1907b. Descriptions of new species. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 33: 218-272.
- -----. 1908. New Scarabaeidae. Entomological News. 19: 159-164.
- ----. 1909. Revision of the species of *Diplotaxis* of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 35: 1-97.
- ----. 1911. The tenth Pleocoma (Col.). Entomological News. 22(2): 64-66.
- ----. 1912. New Coleoptera chiefly from the southwest. V. The Canadian Entomologist. 43: 40-48.
- ----. 1917. The eleventh *Pleocoma*. Bulletin of the Brooklyn Entomological Society. 12: 15-16.
- ----. 1927. New Coleoptera. XII. The Canadian Entomologist. 59: 136-141.
- ----. 1930. A new Aphodius and a new genus and species of Buprestidae from California. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 7: 73-76.
- ----. 1932a. Diphyllostoma: a third species (Coleoptera). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 8(4): 159-161.
- ----. 1932b. New North American Scarabaeidae, with remarks on known species. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 40: 183-204.

Fischer de Waldheim, G. 1823. Entomographie de la Russie. Moscou. 2: 262 pp.

- Geoffroy, E. L. 1762. Histoire abregee des insectes qui se trouvent aux environs de Paris, dan laquelle ces animaux sont ranges suivant un ordre methodique. volume 1, 523 pp.
- Germar, E. F. 1824. Insectorum species novae aut minus cognitae, descriptionibus illustratae. Halae. 624 pp.
- Gordon, R. D. 1969. A new *Glaresis* from western United States (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 71(2):147-148.
- ----. 1970. A review of the genus *Glaresis* in the United States and Canada (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 96: 499-517.
- ----. 1973. Studies on the genus Aphodius of the United States and Canada (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae): I. Two new species from Oregon and California. Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 75: 435-440.
- ----. 1974. Additional notes on the genus *Glaresis* (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington. 87(12):91-94.
- ----. 1976. Studies on the genus Aphodius of the United States and Canada (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). IV. A taxonomic revision of Horn's group A. Proceedings of the Entomological society of Washington. 78(4): 458-478.
- Gordon, R. D. & O. L. Cartwright, 1977. Four new species of *Aegialia* (s. str.) (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae) from California and Nevada sand dunes. Journal of the Washington Academy of Sciences. 67: 42-48.
- ----. 1988. North American representatives of the tribe Aegialini (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae: Aphodiinae). Smithsonian Contributions to Zoology. No. 461, 37 pp.
- Gory, H. L. & A. R. Percheron, 1833. Monographie des cetoines et genre voisins, formant, dans les familles naturelles de Latreille, la division de scarabees melitophiles. Paris. 410 pp.
- Haldeman, S. S. 1848. Descriptions of North American Coleoptera, chiefly in the cabinet of J. L. LeConte, M. D., with reference to described species. Journal of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 1: 95-110.
- ----. 1852. In Stransburg, Exploration and survey of the Great Salt-Lake of Utah... Appendix C. Insects, pp. 366-378.
- Hardy, A, R. 1971. The North American Areodina with a description of a new genus from California. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 47: 235-242.
- ----. 1972. A brief revision of the North and Central American species of *Megasoma* (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). The Canadian Entomologist. 104: 765-777.
- ----. 1974a. A new species of *Cyclocephala* Latreille from California sand dunes. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 50: 160-161.
- ----. 1974b. Revisions of *Thyce* LeConte and related genera (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). Entomology. State of California Department of Food and Agriculture. Occasional Papers, no. 20, 47 pp.
- ----. 1976. A new species of Anomala Samouelle from California sand dunes. The Coleopterists Bulletin. 30: 365-367.
- ----. 1978. Three new Pachydemini and a key to the species of the genus *Phobetus* (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). The Coleopterists Bulletin. 32: 47-52.
- von Harold, E. 1867. Diagnosen neuer coprophagen vom Herausgeber. Coleopterologische Hefte. 1: 76-84.
- ----. 1868. V. Diagnosen neuer coprophagen. Coleopterologische Hefte. 3: 80-86.
- Hardy, A. R. and F. G. Andrews. 1978. Studies in the Coleoptera of western sand dunes. I. Five new *Polyphylla* Harris. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 54: 1-8.
- Harris, T. W. 1826. Minutes towards a history of some American species of *Melolontha* particularly injurious to vegetation. Massachusetts Agricultural Repository. 10: 1-12.
- ----. 1841. A report on the insects of Massachusetts injurious to vegetation. Cambridge. 459 pp.
- Hellwig, J. C. L. 1794. Dritte Nachricht, etc. Schneider's Magazin der Entomologie. I(3): 385-408.

- Hinton, H. E. 1934. Notes on *Aphodius* in the cadaverinus group with a description of a new species. (Coleoptera, Scarabaeidae). The Canadian Entomologist. 66: 218-220.
- von Hoffmannsegg, J. C. 1817. Entomologische Bemerkungen bei Gelegenheit der Abhandlungen uber amerikanische Insecten... Zoologisches Magazin. 1: 8-56.
- Horn, G. H. 1867. Descriptions of new genera and species of western Scarabaeidae. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 1: 163-170.
- ----. 1870a. Notes on some genera of coprophagous Scarabaeidae of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 3:42-51.
- ----. 1870b. Contributions to the coleopterology of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 3:69-97.
- ----. 1870c. Descriptions of the species of Aphodius and Dialytes of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 3: 110-134.
- ----. 1871a. Synopsis of the Aphodiini of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 2: 284-297.
- ----. 1871b. Descriptions of new Coleoptera of the United States, with notes on known species. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 3: 325-344.
- ----. 1874. Revision of the species of *Trox* of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 5: 1-12.
- ----. 1875. Synonymical notes and descriptions of new species of North American Coleoptera. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 5: 126-156.
- ----. 1876. Revision of the United States species of Ochodaeus and other genera of Scarabaeidae. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 5: 177-197.
- ----. 1878. Revision of the species of *Listrochelus* of the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 7: 137-148.
- ----. 1879. A monographic revision of the species of *Cremastochilus* of the United States. Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society. 18: 382-397.
- ----. 1880. Contributions to the Coelopterology of the United States. No. 3. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 8: 139-154.
- ----. 1882. Notes on some little known genera and species of Coleoptera. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 10: 113-126.
- ----. 1885. Descriptions of new North American Scarabaeidae. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 12: 117-118.
- ----. 1887. A monograph of the Aphodiini inhabiting the United States. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 14: 1-110.
- ----. 1888. Review of the species of *Pleocoma* with a discussion of its systematic position in the Scarabaeidae. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 15:1-22.
- ----. 1894. The Coleoptera of Baja California. Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences. (2)4: 302-449.
- ----. 1895. The Coleoptera of Baja California. Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences. (2)5: 225-259.
- Hovore, F. T. 1971. A new *Pleocoma* from southern California with notes on additional species (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 47(3): 193-201.
- ----. 1972. Three new sympatric *Pleocoma* from the southern Sierra Nevada Mountains of California. (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). Bulletin of Southern California Academy of Sciences. 71: 69-80.
- 1977. A review of the taxonomic and distributional relationships of *Pleocoma* hoppingi Fall and *Pleocoma* rubiginosa Hovore (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). The
 Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 31: 319-327.
- Howden, H. F. 1971. Five unusual genera of new world Scarabaeidae (Coleoptera). The Canadian Entomologist. 103: 1463-1471.
- ----. 1973. Four new species of *Onthophagus* from Mexico and the United States. Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 75(3): 329-337.
- Illiger, J. C. W. 1798. In Kugelaan, Verzeichniss der Kafer Preussens, ausgearbeitet von Illiger. Halle. 510 pp.

- ----. 1803. Verzeichniss der in Portugal einheimischen Kafer. Erste Lieferung. Magazine fur Insektenkunde. 2: 186-258.
- Kirby, W. 1818. A description of several new species of insects collected in New Holland by Robert Brown. Transcation of the Linnean Society of London. 12: 454-482.
- ----. 1825. A description of such genera and species of insects alluded to in the "Introduction to Entomology" of Messers Kirby and Spence, as appear to have been before sufficiently noticed or described. Transactions of the Linnean Society of London, 14: 563-572.
- ----. 1837. The insects. In Richardson, J., Fauna Boreali-Americana. Norwich, volume 4, 325 pp.
- Klug, J. G. T. 1835. Erman's Reise, Coleopt., p. 32.
- Knoch, A. W. 1801. Neue Beytrage zur Insectenkunde. Volume 1, 208 pp.
- Kolbe, H. 1910. Uber die Phileurinem Amerikas. Annales de la Societe Entomologique de Belgique. 54: 330-354.
- Latreille, P. A. 1802. Histoire naturelle, generale et particuliere des Crustaces et des insectes. Ouvrage falsant suite Leclerc de Buffon, et partie du cours complet d'histoire naturelle redige par C. S. Sonnini. Volume 3. Familles naturelles et genres. Dufant, Paris. 467 pp.
- ----. 1807. Genera crustaceorum et insectorum secundum ordenem naturalem in familias disposita, iconibus exemlisque. Vol. 2. Parisiis et Argenorati. 280 pp.
- ----. 1829. In Cuvier, Les crustaces, les arachnides et les insects, distribues en famille naturelles, ouvrage formant le tomes 4 et 5 de celui de M. le Baron Cuvier sur le Regne animal (deuxime edition). Volume 1, 584 pp. Paris.
- Leach, E. R. 1933. Two old and two new Pleocomas. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 9(4): 184-187.
- LeConte, J. L. 1847. Fragmenta entomologica. Journal of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. (2)1: 17-93.
- ----. 1850. General remarks upon the Coleoptera of Lake Superior. In J. L. R. Agassiz and J. E. Cabot, Lake Superior: Its physical character, vegetation, and animals. 2: 201-242.
- ----. 1853. Descriptions of twenty new species of Coleoptera inhabiting the United States. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 6: 226-235.
- ----. 1854a. Notice of some coleopterous insects from collections of the Mexican Boundary Commission. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 7: 79-85.
- ----. 1854b. Descriptions of the species of *Trox* and *Omorgus* inhabiting the United States. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 7: 211-216.
- ----. 1856a. Notice of three genera of Scarabaeidae found in the United States. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 8: 19-25.
- ----. 1856b. Synopsis of the Melolonthidae of the United States. Journal of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. (2)3: 225-288.
- ----. 1857. Report upon the insects collected on the survey. Reports of explorations and surveys for a railroad route from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean. Washington, D. C. 72 pp.
- ----. 1858. Description of new species of Coleoptera, chiefly collected by the United States and Mexican boundary Commission under Major W. H. Emory, U. S. Army. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 10: 59-89.
- -----. 1859a. List of Coleoptera from Kansas and New Mexico. Smithsonian Contributions to Knowledge. No. 11, 58 pp.
- ----. 1859b. Additions to the coleopterous fauna of northern California and Oregon. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 7: 79-85.
- ----. 1859c. Additions to the coleopterous fauna of Northern California and Oregon. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 7: 281-292.

- ----. 1860a. No. 1. Report upon the insects collected on the survey. In I. I. Stevens, supplementary report of explorations for a route... near the forty-seventh and forty-ninth parallels. In Reports of explorations and surveys... for a railroad from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean. 1 (3): 1-72. War Department. Washington, D. C.
- -----. 1860b. Additions to the coleopterous fauna of northern California and Oregon. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 11: 281-292.
- ----. 1861. New species of Coleoptera inhabiting the Pacific district of the United States. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 13: 338-359.
- ----. 1863. New species of North American Coleoptera. Smithsonian Miscellaneous Collections. No. 167. 86 pp.
- ----. 1872. Description of a new species of Aphodius. Coleopterologische. 9-10: 193.
- ----. 1874a. Note on the genus *Pleocoma* LeC. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 5: 81-84.
- ----. 1874b. Descriptions of new Coleoptera chiefly from the Pacific slope of North America. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 5:43-7253.
- ----. 1876. Report on new species of Coleoptera collected west of the 100th meridian (supplement to report of Wheeler's expedition). Annual report of the the Chief Engineer, appendix JJ. pp. 516-520.
- ----. 1878a. The Coleoptera of alpine regions of the Rocky Mountains. Bulletin of the United States Geological and Geographical Survey. 4(2): 447-480.
- ----. 1878b. Coleoptera found in the Lake Superior region. Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society. 17: 610-611.
- ----. 1880. Short studies of North American Coleoptera. Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 8: 163-218.
- Linell, M. L. 1896. New species of North American Coleoptera of the family Scarabaeidae. Proceedings of the United States National Museum. 18(1036): 721-731.
- Linne, C. 1758. Systema naturae per regna tria naturae secundum classes, ordines, genera, species, cum characteribus, differentiis, synonymis, locis. Edition 10, vol. 1, 823 pp.
- Linsley, E. G. 1935. New species of *Pleocoma* with notes concerning others. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 11(1): 11-15.
- ----. 1938. Notes on the habits, distribution, and status of some species of *Pleocoma*. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 14(2): 49-58.
- ----. 1941. Additional observations and descriptions of some species of *Pleocoma*. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 17: 145-152.
- MacLeay, W. S. 1819. Horae entomologicae or essays on the annulose animals. Volume I, part 1, 524 pp.
- Mannerheim, C. G. 1843. Beitrag zur Kaferfauna der Aleutischen Inseln, der Insel Sitka und Neu-Californiens. Bulletin de la Societe Imperiale de Naturaliste de Moscou. 16: 175-314.
- ----. 1853. dritter Nachtrag zur Kaferfauna der Nord-Amerkanischen Lander des Russischen Reiches. Bulletin de la Societe Imperiale de Naturaliste de Moscou. 26: 95-273.
- Melsheimer, F. E. 1844. Descriptions of new species of Coleoptera of the United States. Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 2: 134-160.
- Mulsant, E. 1842. Histoire naturelle des Coleopteres de France, Lamellicornes. Paris. 623 pp.
- Nomura, S. 1943. Zur Kenntniss des Aphodiiden aus Mikronesien. Mushi. 15: 77-83.
- Ohaus, F. 1915. Beitrag zur Kenntnis der Ruteliden. Deutsche Entomologische Zeitschrift. pp. 256-260.
- Olivier, A. G. 1789. Entomologie ou histoire naturelle de insectes, avec leurs caracters generiques et specifiques, leur description leur synonymie, et leur figure enluminee. Coleopteres, Volume 1.
- Pierce, W. D. 1946. Descriptions of the dung beetles (Scarabaeidae) of the tar pits. Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences. 45(3): 119-132.

- Potts, R. W. L. 1945. A new *Coenonycha* from California. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 21(4): 141-143.
- ----. 1976. New species of North American Anomala (Scarabaeidae: Anomalinae). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 52(3): 220-226.
- ----. 1977. Revision of the Scarabaeidae: Anomalinae 2. An annotated checklist of the Anomala of the United States and Canada. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 53(1): 34-42.
- Rakovic, M. 1981. Revision of the species of the tribe Psammodiini from the Australian Region (Coleoptera, Scarabaeidae, Aphodiinae). I. Key to genera and revision of the genera Aphodopsammobius Endrodi, Psammodius Fallen, Diastictus Muls., Phycochus Broun and Tesarius g. n. Annthot. Zool. Bot. Bratislava 139: 1-37.
- ----. 1986. A review of the genus *Neopsammodius* gen. n. (Coleoptera, Scarabaeidae, Aphodiinae). Acta Entomol. Bohemoslovaca. 83: 197-201.
- Reitter, E. 1893. Bestimmungstabelle der Lucaniden und coprophagen Lamellicornen des palearctischen Faunaengebietes. Verhandlungen des Naturforschenden Vereines in Brunn. 30: 141-262.
- Rivers, J. J. 1886. A new species of Californian Coleoptera. Bulletin of the California Academy of Sciences. 2(5): 61-63.
- -----. 1889. A new Pleocoma. Entomologica Americana. 5:17-18.
- Robertson, J. 1970. A new species of *Pleocoma* from Southern California. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 46(2): 106-111.
- Robinson, M. 1940. Studies in the Scarabaeidae. II. (Coleoptera). Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 66: 141-159.
- ----. 1946. Studies in the Scarabaeidae. III. (Coleoptera). Transactions of the American Entomological Society. 72: 49-59.
- Samouelle, G. 1819. The entomologists useful compendium. 496 pp.
- Say, T. 1824. Descriptions of coleopterous insects collected in the late expedition to the Rocky Mountians, performed by order of Mr. Calhoun, Secretary of War, under the command of Major Long. Journal of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 3(2): 238-282.
- ----. 1825. Descriptions of new species of coleopterous inhabitings the United States. Journal of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. 5: 160-204.
- Saylor, L. W. 1932. A new *Dichelonyx* from California (Scarabaeidae, Coleop.). The Canadian Entomologist. 64: 284-285.
- ----. 1934. Notes on Aegialia with description of a new species (Scarabaeidae, Coleoptera). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 10: 74-76.
- ----. 1935a. New California Serica (Coleoptera; Scarabaeidae). Journal of Entomology and Zoology. 27: 1-2.
- ----. 1935b. A new genus and two new species of Coleoptera from California. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 11: 132-134.
- ----. 1936. New Californian and Texas scarabs. Journal of Entomology and Zoology. 28(1): 1-4.
- ----. 1937a. New scarab genera from lower and southern California (Coleoptera). Bulletin of the Southern California Academy of Sciences. 36: 35-37.
- ----. 1937b. The beetles of the subfamily Chasmatopterinae in the New World. Journal of the Washington Academy of Sciences. 27(12): 531-535.
- -----. 1938. A new *Phyllophaga* from Nevada. Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 40(5): 129-131.
- ----. 1939a. Seven new scarab beetles from California. Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 41(2): 54-58.
- ----. 1939b. Two new California *Phyllophaga* (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 41(3): 88-91.
- ----. 1939c. Notes and descriptions of United States scarab beetles. Journal of the Washington Academy of Sciences. 29: 452-461.
- -----. 1940. Synoptic revision of the beetle genera *Cotalpa* and *Paracotalpa* of the United States, with description of a new species. Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington. 42(9): 190-200.

- ----. 1948. Contributions toward a knowledge of the insect fauna of Lower California. No. 10. Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae. Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences. 24(10): 337-374.
- Schaeffer, C. F. A. 1906. Four new Ochodaeus new to the United States. The Canadian Entomologist. 38: 269-272.
- ----. 1907. New Scarabaeidae. Journal of the New York Entomological Society. 15: 60-75.
- Schaufuss, L. W. 1870. Pleocoma staff. Nunquam Otiosus. 1: 50-59.
- Schmidt, A. 1907. Namensanderungen in der Gattung Aphodius und eine Neubeschreibung. Deutsch Entomologische Zeitschrift. pp. 201-202.
 - 1017 (1016) Nomenenderungen und Beschreibung neuer Aphodiinen
- ----. 1917 (1916). Namenanderungen und Beschreibung neuer Aphodiinen (Col.). Archiv fur Naturgeschichte. Abt. A 82: 95-116.
- von Schreber, J. C. D. 1759. Novae species insectorum. 16 pp.
- Scriba, L. G. 1790. Journal fur die Liebhaberden Entomologie. part 1, 96 pp.
- Audinet-Serville, J. G. 1828. Histoire naturelle des crustces, des arachnides et des insectes. 10(2): 345-832.
- Van Dyke, E. C. 1918. Some new beetles in the families Cantharidae (Lampyridae), Ptinidae, and Scarabaeidae, from western North America, with notes upon others. Bulletin of the Brooklyn Entomological Society. 13: 1-15.
- ----. 1928a. Notes and descriptions of new species of Lucanidae and Cerambycidae (Coleoptera) from western North America. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 4: 105-113.
- ----. 1928b. Notes and descriptions of new species of scarbaeidae from western North America. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 4: 151-162.
- ----. 1933a. Two new species of Scarabaeidae (Coleoptera). The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 9: 115-116.
- ----. 1933b. A new species of Pleocoma. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 9: 184-187.
- ----. 1947. New species of Coleoptera from western North America. The Pan-Pacific Entomologist. 23: 155-161.
- Vaurie, P. 1960. A revision of the genus Diplotaxis (Coleoptera, Scarabaeidae, Melolonthinae). Part 2. Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History. 120: 167-433.
- Walker, F. 1866. List of Coleoptera. In Lord, The Naturalist in Vancouver Island and British Columbia. 2: 309-334.
- Westwood, J. O. 1844. New exotic Lucanidae. Journal of the Proceedings of the Entomological Society of London. p. 106.
- Young, R. M. 1986. Three new species of North American *Polyphylla* Harris (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae: Melolonthinae). Transactions of the Nebraska Academy of Sciences. 14: 47-50.